

Amendments to the Specification:

Amend paragraphs [0001], [0005], [0008], [0009] and [0016] to [0020] as follows:

[0001] The invention is directed to a partition or separating wall with frameless side ~~parts~~ panels which are held at a base and a top structure, a transom panel which is held at the side ~~parts~~ panels and the top structure, and a door leaf rotatably arranged between the side ~~parts~~ panels and below the transom panel.

[0005] According to the invention, the door leaf is rotatably supported exclusively at the transom panel and the base by fittings, and the side ~~parts~~ panels and the transom panel are fastened to one another and to the top structure and the base without the fittings which support the rotatable door leaf.

[0008] The separating wall is advantageously made to blend in visually with its surroundings. Cleaning is considerably simplified because dirt edges of fittings are substantially reduced and a plane glass front is formed. A separating wall of this kind is constructed using frameless glass so that expenditure on framing work is also eliminated. The separating wall comprises a plurality of side ~~parts~~ panels which are arranged between a base and a top ~~construction~~ structure, rotatably arranged door leaves being located between these side ~~parts~~ panels in variable positions below ~~transoms~~ transom panels.

[0009] The rotatable door leaf is supported, e.g., on the top at the transom panel and at the bottom at the base. By eliminating fastening to an adjacent glass element, the fitting is substantially reduced and simplified. Further, individual parts which are identical to a great

extent are used. Accordingly, fastening and support of a rotatable door leaf below a transom panel is provided in a simple and economical manner and the quantity of individual parts and arrangement of the fittings are optimized. The mounting and adjustment of the fittings is considerably simplified and can be prepared in the factory to a great extent. In an advantageous construction, the door leaf has no additional add-on parts such as door handles or locks, resulting in an extensively continuous glass front.

[0016] A first embodiment example of a separating wall 1 according to the invention is shown in Figures 1 and 2. The separating wall 1 extends between a top structure 2 and a base 3. The separating wall 1 comprises ~~different~~ discrete frameless glass elements which are constructed as side ~~parts~~ panels 4 and a transom panel 5 arranged between the side ~~parts~~ panels 4. A transom panel 5 of this kind extends only in the upper region of a separating wall 1, so that a passage 6 is formed below the transom panel 5 and between the side ~~parts~~ panels 4. A door leaf 7 made of glass is rotatably supported in this passage 6. A continuous, preferably U-shaped profile 8 extends at the top ~~construction~~ structure 2, while two U-shaped profiles 9 extend at the base.

[0017] The door leaf 7 is rotatably supported at the top at the transom panel 5 and at the bottom at the base 3. A ~~symmetrically constructed~~ first fitting part 10, which cooperates with a complementary second fitting part 11 ~~arranged at~~ directly fixed to the transom panel 5, is fastened to the door leaf 7 at the top. A bearing pin of one fitting part cooperates with a bearing bush of the other fitting part. Further, a ~~symmetrically constructed~~ fitting part 12 which cooperates with a bearing arranged in the base 3 is fastened to the door leaf 7 at the bottom. A

door closer, not shown, which forms the bottom bearing support of the door leaf 7 is preferably recessed into the base 3, so that the door leaf 7 closes automatically after being opened manually. In the construction shown in the drawing, the door leaf 7 has no additional add-on parts such as a door handle or locks, so that an extensively continuous glass front is formed.

[0018] The transom panel 5 is connected at the longitudinal abutting edges in a frictional engagement with the respective longitudinal abutting edge of the side ~~parts~~ panels 4 by means of a permanently elastic mass 13. Further, the transom panel 5 is fastened in a frictional engagement with the transverse, upper abutting edge in the profile 8 on the top by means of the permanently elastic mass 13. The two side ~~parts~~ panels 4 are fastened in the corresponding profiles 8, 9 on the base side and on the top side likewise by means of the permanently elastic mass 13.

[0019] Further, stiffening elements 14 can be arranged on the side ~~parts~~ panels 4 and fastened by means of the permanently elastic mass 13 so as to project perpendicularly and extend ~~horizontally~~ vertically. The stiffening elements 14 are constructed as glass struts and stand on the base.

[0020] Figures 3 and 4 show different complex separating wall constructions within the framework of the idea according to the invention. The separating walls 1 comprise a plurality of side ~~parts~~ panels 4, ~~transoms~~ transom panels 5 and door leaves 7 which have a uniform grid dimension, so that many different separating wall shapes can be realized with these glass elements. In particular, the embodiment example in Figure 4 shows that the glass elements can

be arranged at many different angles relative to one another by means of fastening without fittings.